



PHILLIPS, SALMI + ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MIDWEST FOOD BANK, NFP
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Midwest Food Bank, NFP
Normal, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Midwest Food Bank, NFP (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Midwest Food Bank, NFP as of December 31, 2020 and the change in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Phillips, Salmi & Associates, LLC

Washington, Illinois
May 13, 2021

MIDWEST FOOD BANK, NFP
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,810,593
Investments		2,290,296
Inventory		33,236,733
Contributions receivable		2,620,488
Other		38,918
		38,918

Total current assets		45,997,028
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Cash restricted to purchase land, buildings and equipment		195,581
Contributions receivable, less current portion		50,193
Land, buildings and equipment, net		13,966,712
		13,966,712

TOTAL ASSETS	\$	60,209,514
		60,209,514

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Line of credit	\$	32,000
Current maturities of long-term debt		117,107
Accounts payable		163,894
Accrued wages and payroll taxes		50,665
		50,665

Total current liabilities		363,666
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Long-term debt, less current maturities		1,043,104
		1,043,104

TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,406,770
		1,406,770

NET ASSETS

Without donor restrictions		55,514,268
With donor restrictions		3,288,476
		3,288,476

TOTAL NET ASSETS		58,802,744
		58,802,744

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	60,209,514
		60,209,514

See accompanying notes.

MIDWEST FOOD BANK, NFP
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
REVENUE, SUPPORT, AND GAINS			
Contributions and grants:			
General public	\$ 13,914,733	\$ 4,933,224	\$ 18,847,957
Donated food, vehicles, equipment and services	397,596,042	-	397,596,042
Grants	2,996,908	69,842	3,066,750
Special events	883,436	-	883,436
Tender Mercies	240,596	-	240,596
Net investment gain	296,022	-	296,022
Other	176,103	-	176,103
Change in value of charitable lead trust	-	2,605	2,605
Net assets released from restrictions	2,922,594	(2,922,594)	-
TOTAL REVENUE, SUPPORT, AND GAINS	<u>419,026,434</u>	<u>2,083,077</u>	<u>421,109,511</u>
EXPENSES			
Program services	392,426,248	-	392,426,248
Management and general	1,280,293	-	1,280,293
Fundraising	929,092	-	929,092
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>394,635,633</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>394,635,633</u>
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	<u>24,390,801</u>	<u>2,083,077</u>	<u>26,473,878</u>
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	<u>31,123,467</u>	<u>1,205,399</u>	<u>32,328,866</u>
NET ASSETS - ENDING	<u><u>\$ 55,514,268</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,288,476</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 58,802,744</u></u>

See accompanying notes.

MIDWEST FOOD BANK, NFP
STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total
Wages	\$ 1,228,617	\$ 811,816	\$ 355,132	\$ 2,395,565
Employee Benefits	128,565	90,752	32,772	252,089
Payroll taxes	105,072	58,965	26,517	190,554
Donated food and supplies	380,042,758	-	-	380,042,758
Contributed professional truck driver services	206,576	-	-	206,576
Purchased food	4,991,249	-	-	4,991,249
Fuel	348,832	7,119	-	355,951
Professional fees	-	40,006	-	40,006
Supplies	759,907	20,269	7,243	787,419
Telephone and internet	81,409	4,523	4,522	90,454
Shipping	1,173,019	7,671	7,671	1,188,361
Occupancy	331,834	17,465	-	349,299
Repairs and maintenance	773,576	10,281	-	783,857
Interest	87,361	4,598	-	91,959
Insurance	254,594	13,400	-	267,994
Utilities	356,447	18,760	-	375,207
Newsletters and promotional	-	-	107,242	107,242
Purchased services	142,078	2,257	66,090	210,425
Travel	16,907	21,134	4,227	42,268
IT systems	64,083	72,094	24,031	160,208
Bank and credit card fees	-	3,511	66,701	70,212
Grant administration	-	-	50	50
Charitable contributions	11,252	-	-	11,252
Fundraising events	-	-	220,458	220,458
Depreciation	1,136,007	59,790	-	1,195,797
Miscellaneous	186,105	15,882	6,436	208,423
Total expenses by function	<u>\$ 392,426,248</u>	<u>\$ 1,280,293</u>	<u>\$ 929,092</u>	<u>\$ 394,635,633</u>

See accompanying notes.

MIDWEST FOOD BANK, NFP
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Change in net assets	\$ 26,473,878
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities	
Depreciation	1,195,797
Unrealized gain on investments	(216,325)
Non-cash donation of property and equipment	(44,000)
Loss on disposal of land, buildings and equipment	104,883
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	(618,719)
Change in value of charitable lead trust	(2,605)
(Increase) decrease in operating assets	
Inventory	(16,820,304)
Contribution receivable - charitable lead trust	(2,602,977)
Other	18,637
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities	
Accounts payable	34,652
Accrued expenses	(51,484)
	7,471,433
Net cash provided by operating activities	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisitions of land, buildings and equipment	(2,228,135)
Proceeds from sale of land, buildings and equipment	34,467
Reductions in cash restricted to purchase land, buildings and equipment	648,536
Purchases of investments	(149,522)
Proceeds from sales of investments	334,871
	(1,359,783)
Net cash used in investing activities	

MIDWEST FOOD BANK, NFP
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Collections of contributions restricted for investment in land, buildings and equipment	\$ 618,719
New borrowings	
Line of credit	500,424
Debt repayments	
Line of credit	(1,445,756)
Notes payable	(985,381)
Capital lease	(30,562)
	(1,342,556)
Net cash used in financing activities	(1,342,556)
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,769,094
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,041,499
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,810,593
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	
Cash paid for interest	\$ 91,959
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Non-cash donations of property, equipment and capitalized services	\$ 44,000

See accompanying notes.

MIDWEST FOOD BANK, NFP
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND PURPOSE

Midwest Food Bank, NFP (Organization) is a faith based nonprofit organization. It is the mission of Midwest Food Bank to share the love of Christ by alleviating hunger and malnutrition locally and throughout the world and providing disaster relief; all without discrimination. Midwest Food Bank currently distributes food to over 2,000 non-profit organizations each month. This is done from twelve locations in Illinois, Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Texas, Pennsylvania, East Africa and Haiti with the addition of New England in 2021. The Organization is structured to provide service opportunities and operate through the work of volunteers.

Midwest Food Bank provides services throughout the United States through the following programs:

Food for Non-Profits - Midwest Food Bank serves non-profit organizations such as food pantries, soup kitchens, homeless shelters, churches and other non-profit organizations helping their community. The non-profit organizations can pick up food from a Midwest Food Bank location to then distribute to people in their communities.

Disaster Relief – Midwest Food Bank has a fleet of trucks and a team of volunteer drivers who stand ready. Food donations are picked up from across the country and delivered to one of the facilities. Volunteers pack the boxes, load them on semis and drive them to affected areas. As a first responder, the Organization can have family food boxes on the road to a disaster site within 24 hours of a request. Each food box has enough food to feed a family of 4 for 4 to 5 days.

Tender Mercies – This program enables nutritious meals to be produced and distributed to those most in need. The Tender Mercies meal packet consists of high-grade rice, pre-cooked pinto beans, fortified chicken seasoning, and a soy protein. Tender Mercies is an essential component of Midwest Food Bank’s international effort. In East Africa, Tender Mercies is locally sourced and packaged for distributing. The main focus of Midwest Food Bank’s efforts in Haiti is providing Tender Mercies meals to school children. The nature of Tender Mercies allows it to be adapted to different cultures' tastes. The Organization also sell the Tender Mercies meals to other Non-Profits to further serve their communities.

Hope Packs – Midwest Food Bank distributes child-friendly food items to dedicated school volunteers. The volunteers package it together in a bag to give to the students on Fridays to help them through the weekend. Hope Packs ensures children don't go an entire weekend without access to food.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting and use of estimates

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Cash and currency exchange

The functional currency of the Organization is U.S. dollars. East African transactions and balances were converted to U.S. dollars using a monthly average conversion rate. Building and equipment purchases were converted at the exchange rate on the date of purchase. Ending cash balances were converted at the exchange rate at December 31, 2020.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and highly liquid financial instruments restricted to purchase land, building and equipment are excluded from this definition.

Investments

The Organization records investment purchases at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Thereafter, investments are reported at their fair values in the statement of position. Net investment gain is reported in the statement of activities and consists of interest and dividend income and realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, net of related expenses which are nominal due to the types of investments held.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at an estimated fair market value based upon published prices, vendors, donors, and other sources. Generally, inventory on hand is tracked and valued based on value per case depending upon the specific food or supply item. The method is applied consistently. The per-case valuation is reassessed quarterly utilizing the most relevant cost information available.

Contribution receivable

Contributions are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organizations that is, in substance, unconditional. The Organizations use the allowance method to determine uncollectible unconditional promises receivable. The allowance is based on prior years' experience and management's analysis of specific promises made. Management has determined all are collectible; therefore, no provision for uncollectible accounts has been made.

Cash restricted to purchase land, buildings and equipment

Cash restricted to purchase land, buildings and equipment has been restricted by donors and is not available for operating purposes.

Contribution receivable – charitable lead trust

The Organization’s beneficial interest in a charitable lead trust is reported at fair value, which is estimated using an income approach based on assumptions developed by the Organization about future distributions it will receive from the trust. Changes in fair value of the contribution receivable are reflected in the with donor restrictions class of net assets. Distributions from the trust are reflected as reductions in the contribution receivable and net assets with donor-imposed time restrictions are released to net assets without donor restrictions.

Land, building and equipment

Land, buildings and equipment are stated at cost or if donated, at the fair value at the date of donation. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to income as incurred; significant renewals and betterments are capitalized. Land, building and equipment expenditures of \$1,000 or less are charged to expense when incurred. Depreciation expense for year ended December 31, 2020 totaled \$1,195,797. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Building	40 years
Building improvements	7-15 years
Warehouse equipment	5-10 years
Trucks and trailers	5-7 years
Freezers	7 years
Office and miscellaneous equipment	5-15 years

The Organization reports gifts of land, building and equipment as unrestricted support unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash and other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired long-lived assets are placed in service.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows ASC Subtopic 958-605, *Revenue Recognition*, to recognize cash and gift-in-kind contributions from individuals and domestic and multi-national organizations. These contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue with the donor’s unconditional commitment is received. Conditional promises to give are recognized only when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

The Organization received donations of food, medical supplies, clothing and other goods for use in its programs, collectively gifts-in-kind. These donations are recorded at their estimated fair value based upon the Organization's estimate of the wholesale values that would be received for selling the goods in their principal market, considering their condition and utility for use at the time the goods are donated. Several methodologies are used in the determination of estimated wholesale value, include wholesale values provided by the donor, published industry pricing guides, internally researched values, and internal average values for like-kind items.

Net assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets without donor restrictions include all resources that are expendable at the discretion of the Board of Directors (Board) and/or management for general operating purposes or the Organizations programs.

With Donor Restrictions – Net assets with donor restrictions consist of resources whose use is limited by donor-imposed time and/or purpose restrictions. The Organization's donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those which will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated restriction ends or when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, the net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restriction in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Gifts-in-kind

Contributed food and supplies received by the Organization are recorded as income along with a corresponding charge to expense or inventory. Donations-in-kind of food and supplies recognized in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$397,137,566.

Contributed vehicles and equipment received by the Organization and to be used by the Organization are recorded as income along with a corresponding charge to equipment. Donations-in-kind of vehicles and equipment recognized in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 were \$44,000. Contributions of non financial assets to be sold are recorded as income and assets available for sale when donated. During the year ended December 31, 2020 there were no contributions of non financial assets. The Organization received in-kind rent for warehouse use totaling \$207,900.

Contributed skilled labor for the construction of assets to be used by the Organization are recorded as income along with a corresponding charge to building. There were no donations-in-kind of skilled labor recognized in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Contributed services of professional truck drivers and other services are recognized as in-kind revenues at the estimated fair value when they create or enhance nonfinancial assets or they require specialized skills which would need to be purchased if they were not donated; these amounted to \$206,576 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Over 17,930 people participated in the Organization's volunteer program during the year ended December 31, 2020. Community members volunteered in many capacities. A dollar valuation of their efforts is not included in the financial statements because it does not meet the criteria for recognition. However, volunteer hours for the year ended December 31, 2020 were approximately 301,000.

Advertising costs

Advertising costs, which primarily consist of direct mail appeals and related postage, are expensed as incurred and were \$107,242 during the year ended December 31, 2020.

Income taxes

Midwest Food Bank is organized as an Illinois nonprofit corporation and has been recognized by the IRS and State of Illinois as exempt from income taxes under IRC Section 501(a) as organizations described in IRC Section 501(c)(3), qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under IRC Sections 170(b)(1)(A), and has been determined not to be private foundations under IRC Sections 509(a)(2). The Organization is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS and the AG-990-IL with the State of Illinois. In addition, the Organization is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to their exempt purposes. The Organization files an Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Return (Form 990-T) with the IRS to report its unrelated business taxable income.

In the normal course of business, the Organization is subject to examination by taxing authorities. The Organization's income informational returns for years subsequent to December 31, 2016 are open, by statute, for review by authorities. However, at present, there are no ongoing income tax audits or unresolved disputes with the various tax authorities that Midwest Food Bank currently files or has filed with.

Functional allocation of expenses

The costs of programs and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The statement of functional expenses presents the natural classification of detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated to the program and supporting services benefited based upon employee time-studies, occupancy of buildings, and indirect cost allocation estimates.

Financial instruments and credit risk

The Organization maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The approximate credit risk in excess of federal insured limits at December 31, 2020 was \$4,830,000. Credit risk associated with promises to give is considered to be limited due to high historical collection rates. Investments are made by an investment manager whose performance is monitored by management. Although the fair values of investments are subject to fluctuation on a year-to-year basis, management believes the investment guidelines are prudent for the long-term welfare of the organizations.

Economic dependence

Contributed food and supplies donors - In 2020, the largest food and supplies donor accounted for approximately 10% of the food and supplies donations received by the Organization.

New accounting pronouncements

In 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than twelve months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. The new standard is effective for the Organization for the year ended December 31, 2022.

In September of 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-07, *Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*, requiring entities to present contributed nonfinancial assets as a separate line item in the statement of activities, apart from contributions of cash or other financial assets. The standard also increases the disclosure requirements around contributed nonfinancial assets, including disaggregating by category the types of contributed nonfinancial assets an entity has received. The new standard is effective for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Subsequent events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through May 13, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3. LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

The Organization regularly monitors liquidity required to meet its general operating needs while also striving to maintain sufficient reserves to meet operating needs during periods of uncertainty and to assume longer term commitments will continue to be met. The Organization's strategy is to operate within a balanced budget that anticipates collection sufficient revenue to cover general expenditures. The Organization's annual operating cash needs are determined during the budget process. During the year, cash is monitored and evaluated monthly.

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,810,593
Investments	2,290,296
Contributions receivable	<u>2,620,488</u>
Total current financial assets	12,721,377
Less those unavailable for general expenditures within one year	<u>(1,329,388)</u>
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	<u>\$ 11,391,989</u>

The Organization considers investment income without donor restrictions and contributions without donor restrictions to be available to meet cash needs for general expenditures. General expenditures include administrative and general expenses and fundraising expenses expected to be paid in a subsequent year. Annual operations are defined as activities occurring during the Organization's fiscal year.

NOTE 4. CHARITABLE LEAD TRUST

During 2013, a donor established a trust with a national bank naming the Organization as a beneficiary of a charitable lead trust. The assets of the trust fund consists investments managed by the trustees. The Organization has no control over those assets. Under terms of the split-interest agreement, the Organization is to receive an annual distribution equal to .2335% of the original fair market value of assets in the trust for its unrestricted use for 15 years. After 15 years, the remaining trust assets are to be distributed to others. The Organization received \$8,756 from the trust in 2020, which was recorded as a reduction in the receivable and a corresponding reclassification from net asset with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions.

NOTE 5. CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable consist of:

Bequest receivable	\$	234,717
Pledges		1,400,000
Grants		977,016
Charitable lead trust		<u>58,948</u>
		2,670,681
Less collectible in less than one year		<u>(2,620,488)</u>
	\$	<u>50,193</u>

NOTE 6. LAND, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT

Land, buildings and equipment consist of:

Land	\$	973,613
Buildings and improvements		12,822,838
Warehouse equipment		1,981,344
Trucks and trailers		4,679,873
Freezers		1,209,621
Office and miscellaneous equipment		350,829
Construction in process		<u>8,875</u>
		22,026,993
Less accumulated depreciation		<u>8,060,281</u>
Land, buildings and equipment, net	\$	<u>13,966,712</u>

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

LINES OF CREDIT

\$1,530,000, interest at 3.00%, principal payment upon maturity on November 23, 2021. Quarterly interest payments beginning February 23, 2017. Secured by real property in McLean County, Illinois.	\$	32,000
\$937,500, interest at 4.50%, principal payment upon maturity on December 3, 2023. Quarterly interest payments beginning March 3, 2019. Secured by real property in Tazewell County, Illinois.		<u>-</u>
Total lines of credit	\$	<u>32,000</u>

NOTES PAYABLE

TERM NOTE \$1,785,000, interest at 3.00%, 19 quarterly installments of \$29,869, including interest, with a final balloon payment due on September 8, 2021. Secured by real property in Maricopa County, Arizona.	\$	1,079,793
TERM NOTE \$555,010, interest at 4.25%, 34 monthly installments of \$4,192, including interest, with a final balloon payment due on August 26, 2021. Secured by real property and inventory in Peachtree City, Georgia. Paid off early in 2020.		<u>-</u>
		1,079,793

CAPITAL LEASE

Semi-truck \$146,980, interest at 4.90%, 4 annual payments of \$36,000, including interest, with a final balloon payment due on June 17, 2022. Guaranteed buy-out on final payment.		<u>80,418</u>
	\$	<u>1,160,211</u>

The future minimum payments on the above notes payable and capital lease are as follows:

	Total	Notes payable	Capital lease
2021	\$ 117,107	\$ 85,047	\$ 32,060
2022	136,818	88,460	48,358
2023	91,182	91,182	-
2024	93,917	93,917	-
2025	<u>721,187</u>	<u>721,187</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,160,211</u>	<u>\$ 1,079,793</u>	<u>\$ 80,418</u>

NOTE 8. NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

At December 31, 2020, net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes:

Subject to expenditure for specific purpose:

Operations:

Tender Mercies	\$	111,882
County restriction		152,318
Disaster relief		63,677
Meat program		45,396
Backpack program		117,650
Give thanks		18,751
Emergency box project		51,485
Location expansion		768,229

Land, building and equipment:

Truck and trailer purchases		68,263
Forklift		48,230
Construction		79,088

1,524,969

Subject to passage of time:

Bequest receivable		234,717
Pledges		1,400,000
Grants		69,842
Charitable lead trust		58,948

\$ 3,288,476

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of the passage of time or other events specified by the donors as follows for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Satisfaction of purpose restrictions	
Operations:	
Tender Mercies	\$ 244,093
NYC	173,657
County restriction	152,682
Disaster relief	553,924
Meat program	101,121
Backpack program	197,208
Give thanks	26,835
Emergency box project	789
Location expansion	80,540
Debt pay down	132,734
Land, building and equipment:	
Truck and trailer purchases	345,941
Facility expansion	897,814
Forklift	6,500
Expiration of time restriction	8,756
	\$ 2,922,594

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

The Organization reports certain assets at fair value in the financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal, or most advantageous, market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. A three-tier hierarchy categorizes the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Organization can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. In these situations, the Organization develops inputs using the best information available in the circumstances.

In some cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those cases, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to entire measurement requires judgment, taking into account factors specific to the asset or liability. The categorization of an asset within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the asset and does not necessarily correspond to our assessment of the quality, risk, or liquidity profile of the asset or liability.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

Investments: where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 securities include mutual funds and exchange traded equities

Beneficial interest in trust: valued at fair market value of trust assets, which approximates the net present value of estimated future earnings to be received there from. See Note 4 for further information on valuation of trust.

Fair values of assets measured on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Total	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments				
Mutual funds	\$ 2,036,341	\$ 2,036,341	\$ -	\$ -
Exchange traded funds	244,004	244,004	-	-
Stocks	9,951	9,951	-	-
	<u>\$ 2,290,296</u>	<u>\$ 2,290,296</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Beneficial interest in charitable lead trust	<u>\$ 58,948</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 58,948</u>

Reconciliation of level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs:

Beneficial interest in charitable lead trust

Value, beginning of year	\$ 65,099
Change in value of charitable lead trust	2,605
Payment from charitable lead trust	<u>(8,756)</u>
Value, end of year	<u>\$ 58,948</u>

The change in value of the charitable lead trust of \$2,605 is attributable to the unrealized gain on remeasurement of the contribution receivable – charitable lead trust as of December 31, 2020.

NOTE 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Midwest Food Bank may purchase goods or services from companies that are affiliated with or owned by Board members directly or indirectly. Generally, items and services are purchased using a competitive process. The Organization also borrows money from a bank where a Board member is a stockholder and director. The interest expense from these loans were \$69,064 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 11. LEASING ACTIVITIES

During 2014, the Organization entered into a land lease agreement at the East Africa location. Under the terms of the lease, the Organization is required to make a fixed annual payment of 1,000 Kenyan Shillings through October 31, 2034. At the end of the lease period, the ownership of the building built on the leased land shall be transferred to the lessor for 20,000 Kenyan Shillings. During 2016, the Organization prepaid the annual payment for the duration of the lease. During 2020, the Organization no longer had access to this land. As a result, all long term assets associated with the land were disposed of and a loss on disposal of assets totaling approximately \$99,000 was recorded in the statement of activities.

NOTE 12. PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM

On April 16, 2020, Midwest Food Bank (the “Borrower”), was granted a loan (the “Loan”) from Morton Community Bank in the aggregate amount of \$388,300, pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program (the “PPP”) under Division A, Title I of the CARES Act, which was enacted March 27, 2020.

The Loan, which was in the form of a Note dated April 16, 2020 issued by the Borrower, matures on April 16, 2022 and bears interest at a rate of 1.00% per annum, payable monthly commencing on November 16, 2020. The Note may be prepaid by the Borrower at any time prior to maturity with no prepayment penalties. Funds from the Loan may only be used for payroll costs, costs used to continue group health care benefits, mortgage payments, rent, utilities, and interest on other debt obligations. Under the terms of the PPP, certain amounts of the Loan may be forgiven if they are used for qualifying expenses as described in the CARES Act. Midwest Food Bank received forgiveness of the entire \$388,300 in principal on November 10, 2020 and recognized the proceeds as income in the 2020 statement of activities.